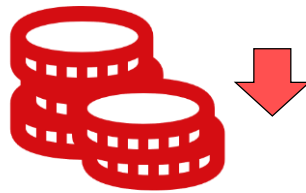


Council housing performance

Quarter 4 2022/23 (Jan to Mar 2023)



99.98%
Gas safety
compliance



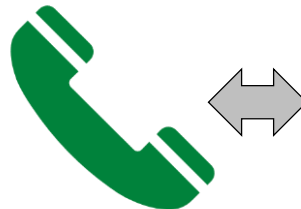
94.02%
Forecast rent
collection rate



61 days
Empty home
re-let time



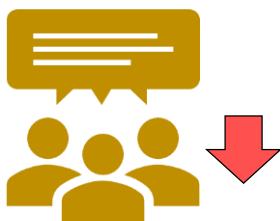
95.8%
Dwellings
meeting Decent
Homes standard



89%
Customer
services calls
answered



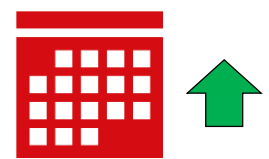
94%
Tenancies
sustained



75%
Complaint
responses within
10 working days



96%
Emergency
repairs within
24 hours

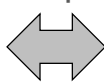


81 days
Average time to
complete routine
repairs

Performance since previous quarter is:



Better



Same



Poorer

Quarter 4 2022/23 council housing performance – key trends

Top scores (compared to target)

1. Calls answered by Housing Customer Services (89% vs 85% target)
2. Tenancies sustained following difficulties (94% vs 90% target)
3. Energy efficiency rating of council homes (74.1 vs 72.3 target)
4. Surveyed tenants satisfied with repairs: overall customer service (98% vs 96% target)
5. Surveyed tenants satisfied with repairs: standard of work (97% vs 96% target)

Bottom scores (compared to target)

1. Average time to complete routine repairs (81 days vs 15 day target)
2. Average re-let time excluding time spent in major works (61 days vs 21 day target)
3. Stage two complaints upheld (41% vs 18% target)
4. Calls answered by Repairs Helpdesk (78% vs 85% target)
5. Routine repairs completed within 28 calendar days (50% vs 92% target)

Biggest improvements (since previous quarter)

1. Average re-let time excluding time spent in major works (64 to 61 days)
2. Average time to complete routine repairs (83 to 81 days)
3. Surveyed tenants satisfied with repairs: overall customer service (97% to 98%)
4. Energy efficiency rating of homes (74.0 to 74.1)

Biggest drops (since previous quarter)

1. Stage two complaints upheld (17% to 41%)
2. Routine repairs completed within 28 calendar days (59% to 50%)
3. Stage one complaints responded to within 10 working days (82% to 75%)
4. Calls answered by Repairs Helpdesk (82% to 78%)
5. Emergency repairs completed within 24 hours (98% to 96%)

Housing performance report







Quarter 4 and end of year 2022/23

This report provides updates on performance indicators covering a range of Housing services. There continue to be areas of strong performance, with 7 performance indicators on target for Quarter 4 2022/23 and 9 on target for the financial year. Furthermore, there has been an improvement in 9 of the performance indicators since the previous quarter and 13 since the previous financial year. However, some delivery challenges remain. The report highlights actions being taken to improve services.




Performance areas	Page
Customer Feedback – all Housing Services	
Compliments received	7
Stage 1 complaints	7
Stage 2 complaints	7
Private Sector Housing	
Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMO) licensing	8
Property inspections completed	8
Requests for assistance (RFAs)	8-9
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Housing Options and allocations	
Homelessness preventions	11
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Social housing waiting list	11
Rough sleepers	11
Temporary and emergency accommodation	
Households	12
Rent collected	12-13
Empty homes	13
Gas safety compliance (Seaside Homes and leased)	13
Council housing supply	

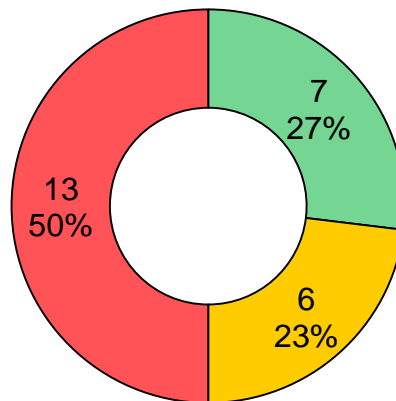
Performance areas	Page
Additional council homes by rent level	14-15
Right to Buy sales	14-15
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Council home buy backs	17
Council housing management	
Rent collected	17
Universal Credit	18
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Tenancies sustained	19
Re-let times	20
Empty homes	20
Council housing repairs and maintenance	
Repairs completed in time	21
Satisfaction with completed repairs	21
Calls answered (Repairs Helpdesk)	21
Council housing investment and asset management	
Decent Homes Standard	22
Energy efficiency rating of council homes	22
Gas safety compliance (council homes)	22
Lift breakdowns	22
Leaseholder disputes	23

This housing performance report covers Quarter 4 (Q4) of the 2022/23 financial year alongside end of year results. It uses red, amber and green ratings, as well as trend arrows. Commentary has been included for indicators which are red. During **Quarter 4**, the ratings and trends were as follows:

- | | |
|--|---|
|  Green – on target
(7 indicators) |  Improved since last time
(9 indicators) |
|  Amber – near target
(6 indicators) |  Same as last time
(2 indicators) |
|  Red – off target
(13 indicators) |  Poorer than last time
(15 indicators) |

Performance indicators (Q4 2022/23)

-  7 are green (on target)
-  6 are amber (near target)
-  13 are red (off target)



During **2022/23**, the ratings and trends were as follows:



Green – on target
(9 indicators)



Improved since last time
(13 indicators)



Amber – near target
(8 indicators)



Same as last time
(0 indicators)



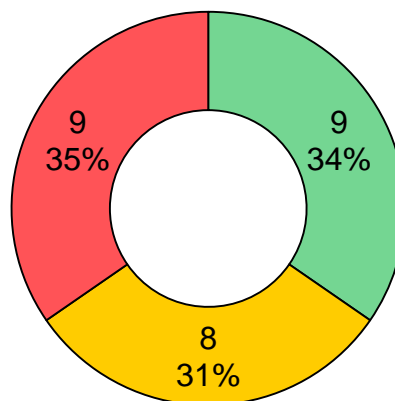
Red – off target
(9 indicators)




















Poorer than last time
(13 indicators)



Performance indicators (2022/23)

- 9 are green (on target)
- 8 are amber (near target)
- 9 are red (off target)







 Customer feedback – all Housing services		Target	Q3 2022/23	Q4 2022/23	Status against target	Trend since Q3	2021/22	2022/23	Status against target	Trend since 2021/22
9.1	 Compliments received from customers	Info	163	90	n/a	n/a	304	486	n/a	n/a
9.2	 Stage one complaints responded to within 10 working days	80%	84% (152 of 182)	75% (155 of 207)			84% (429 of 511)	79% (571 of 726)		
9.3	Stage one complaints upheld	Info	47% (86 of 182)	43% (88 of 207)	n/a	n/a	49% (250 of 511)	43% (314 of 726)	n/a	n/a
9.4	Stage two complaints upheld	18%	17% (4 of 23)	41% (9 of 22)			49% (25 of 51)	38% (32 of 85)		

  Private sector housing		Target	Q3 2022/23	Q4 2022/23	Status against target	Trend since Q3	2021/22	2022/23	Status against target	Trend since 2021/22
10.1	Total fully licensed Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMOs)	Info	3,574	1,335	n/a	n/a	3,460	1,335	n/a	n/a
These numbers have gone down as a result of the Additional Licensing Scheme finishing in February 2023.										
10.2	Corporate KPI: HMOs where all special conditions have been met (for licences issued over 12 months ago)	60%	65.00% (1,250 of 1,923)	66.43% (1,490 of 2,243)			56.50% (1,112 of 1,968)	66.43% (1,490 of 2,243)		
The indicator above measures cases where the council has verified that conditions have been completed and it is anticipated this figure will continue to rise over the course of the year. This still includes HMOs covered by the additional licensing scheme which ended on 28 February 2023, as the Private Sector Housing team are able to check that conditions have been met up to 6 months past the end of a scheme.										
10.3	New Q3: Requests for assistance received (RFAs)	Info	262	237	n/a	n/a	518	775	n/a	n/a
Request for assistance top categories during Q4 were 74 disrepair (32%) and 56 dampness (24%). The number of these requests received during the 2022/23 financial year (775) was a 33% increase upon the previous financial year (518).										
10.4	New Q3: Property inspections completed	Info	252	227	n/a	n/a	-	-	n/a	n/a
10.5	... of which RFA inspections	Info	73	93	n/a	n/a	-	-	n/a	n/a
10.6	... of which HMO licence inspections	Info	179	134	n/a	n/a	-	-	n/a	n/a
10.7	New Q4: RFA cases closed	Info	-	180	n/a	n/a	-	-	n/a	n/a

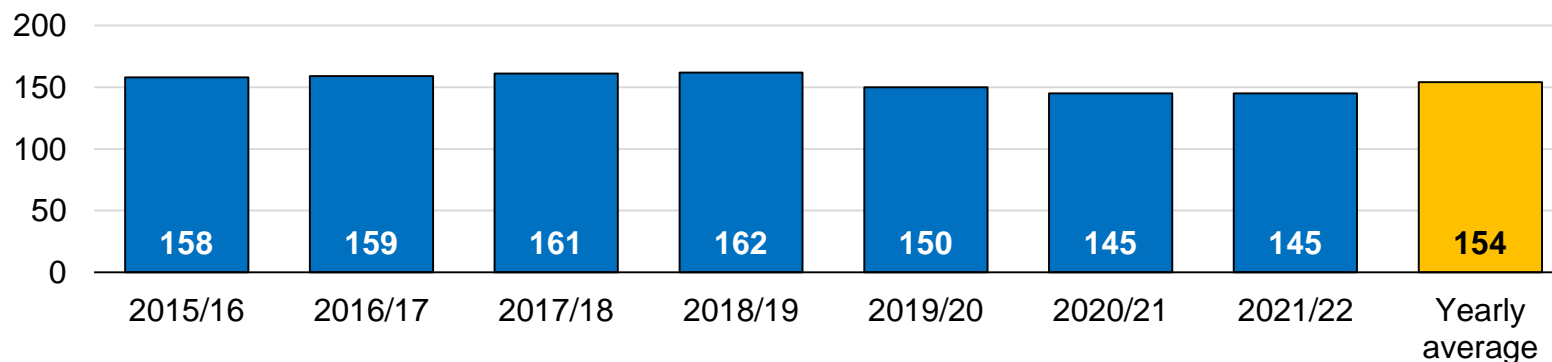
  Private sector housing		Target	Q3 2022/23	Q4 2022/23	Status against target	Trend since Q3	2021/22	2022/23	Status against target	Trend since 2021/22
10.8	New Q4: Properties with Category 1 and 2 hazards resolved through informal action (closed RFAs)	Info	-	98% (1 of 48)	n/a	n/a	-	-	n/a	n/a
10.9	New Q4: Properties with Category 1 and 2 hazards resolved through formal action (closed RFAs)	Info	-	2% (47 of 48)	n/a	n/a	-	-	n/a	n/a










These numbers relating to the two indicators above are relatively low for now as recording only began recently.

10.10	Private sector vacant dwellings returned into occupation (empty for more than two years)	9 per quarter (28 for 2022/23)	9	6			45	57		
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Although this missed the target in Q4, performance was above target for 2022/23. This indicator used to apply to properties empty for longer than six months but was changed for 2022/23 to focus on properties empty for more than two years, which require more intensive casework. Most properties empty for less than two years do not require intensive casework and may often come back in to use without intervention. The chart below presents historic data on dwellings returned into occupation which had been empty for more than six months.

Private sector empty homes returned to use per year empty more than six months)

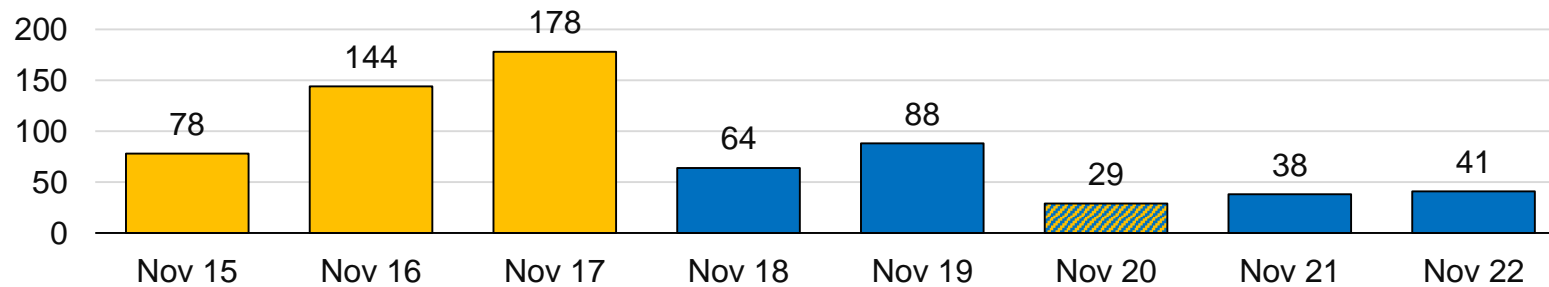


 Housing adaptations		Target	Q3 2022/23	Q4 2022/23	Status against target	Trend since Q3	2021/22	2022/23	Status against target	Trend since 2021/22
11.1	Private housing – average weeks taken to approve Disabled Facilities Grant applications	10	18.3	15.4			19.08	17.4		
11.2	Private housing – average weeks taken for contractor to complete works	Info	34.7	35.1	n/a	n/a	-	37.0	n/a	n/a
11.3	Council housing – average weeks taken to approve applications and commence works	10	11.1	20.3			10.0	14.4		
11.4	Council housing – average weeks taken for contractor to complete works	Info	16.6	16.5	n/a	n/a	-	21.1	n/a	n/a














The amber threshold for the two targeted indicators above is set at 26 weeks based on historic guidance timescales, with the target of 10 weeks reflecting revised guidance timescales. As of 2022/23, we have been able to include two additional indicators measuring the average time taken to complete adaptations works.










Housing Needs – Housing Options and allocations		Target	Q3 2022/23	Q4 2022/23	Status against target	Trend since Q3	2021/22	2022/23	Status against target	Trend since 2021/22
12.1	Corporate KPI: Households where homelessness was prevented due to casework by the council and partner agencies	424 per quarter (1,695 for 2022/23)	483	341	R	↓	1,680	1,653	A	↓
<p>We are planning to introduce new performance indicators relating to homelessness prevention and relief for 2023/24. The indicator above is not an ideal measure of performance, as lower numbers of preventions could occur because fewer people are being threatened with homelessness, rather than a lower proportion of overall cases resulting in a prevention.</p>										
12.2	New households with a full housing duty accepted	Info	142	131	n/a	n/a	309	551	n/a	n/a
12.3	Number of households on the housing register	Info	7,582	7,691	n/a	n/a	7,686	7,691	n/a	n/a




Rough sleeper estimates (yellow) and counts (blue)



The November 2020 figure above used a blended methodology of an estimate with a spotlight count, due to the national Covid lockdown at the time. Please note that estimates have only been carried out at times when counts have not been.

	Housing Needs – temporary accommodation (including emergency accommodation)	Target	Q3 2022/23	Q4 2022/23	Status against target	Trend since Q3	2021/22	2022/23	Status against target	Trend since 2021/22
13.1	Corporate KPI: Total households in temporary accommodation	1,700 or fewer	1,795	1,791			1,890	1,791		
13.2	... as above but excluding council NSAP and RSAP households	For info	1,757	1,715	n/a	n/a	-	1,589	n/a	n/a
For now the Corporate KPI on row 13.1 includes NSAP and RSAP households but will be revised for the next financial year to just cover households accommodated through homeless duties and service level agreements (SLAs) with Childrens' Services and Adult Social Care. The indicator on row 13.2 already accounts for this revision.										
13.3	Rent collected for emergency accommodation (year to date including loss from empty homes)	89.21%	95.24% (£3.0m of £3.1m)	95.60% (£3.9m of £4.1m)			80.41% (£4.9m of £6.1m)	95.60% (£3.9m of £4.1m)		
13.4	... as above but excluding rent loss from empty homes	For info	109.81% (£3.0m of £2.7m)	107.91% (£3.9m of £3.6m)	n/a	n/a	97.19% (£4.9m of £5.0m)	107.91% (£3.9m of £3.6m)	n/a	n/a
The indicator above (like the other rent collection indicators in this table) measures the actual amount of rent collected during the year to date, including recovery of arrears accrued from before, compared to the amount of rent due within the same period. It is sometimes possible for the former to be larger, thereby producing results over 100%.										
13.5	Rent collected for leased properties (year to date including loss from empty homes)	96.96%	86.56% (£4.6m of £5.3m)	87.22% (£6.3m of £7.2m)			85.59% (£6.7m of £7.8m)	87.22% (£6.3m of £7.2m)		
The service is working to bring the rent collection rate for leased properties in line with the rate for Seaside Homes, building upon recent successes in bringing the latter back on target. Performance excluding rent loss from empty homes was 92.49% which is closer to target.										
13.6	... as above but excluding rent loss from empty homes	For info	92.08% (£4.6m of £4.9m)	92.59% (£6.3m of £6.8m)	n/a	n/a	92.91% (£6.7m of £7.2m)	92.59% (£6.3m of £6.8m)	n/a	n/a

	Housing Needs – temporary accommodation (including emergency accommodation)	Target	Q3 2022/23	Q4 2022/23	Status against target	Trend since Q3	2021/22	2022/23	Status against target	Trend since 2021/22
13.7	Rent collected for Seaside Homes (year to date including loss from empty homes)	91.00%	91.50% (£3.8m of £4.2m)	90.69% (£5.2m of £5.7m)			89.50% (£5.2m of £5.8m)	90.69% (£5.2m of £5.7m)		
13.8	... as above but excluding rent loss from empty homes	For info	97.46% (£3.8m of £3.9m)	96.17% (£5.2m of £5.4m)	n/a	n/a	96.22% (£5.2 of £5.4m)	96.17% (£5.2m of £5.4m)	n/a	n/a
13.9	Empty temporary accommodation homes	For info	62	35	n/a	n/a	99	35	n/a	n/a
<p>The indicator above includes 16 block-booked, 8 private sector leased and 11 Seaside Homes dwellings. These are dwellings that were available to let as temporary accommodation. The total including dwellings unavailable to let (such as those with their providers for works or awaiting handback) was 80 at the end of 2022/23, a reduction from 219 the end of the previous financial year.</p>										
13.10	Seaside Homes properties with a valid Landlord's Gas Safety Record	100%	99.8% (421 of 422)	99.3% (420 of 423)			100% (426 of 426)	99.3% (420 of 423)		
<p>The target was slightly missed because three checks were overdue on 31 March 2023.</p>										
13.11	Leased properties with a valid Landlord's Gas Safety Record	For info	83.5% (475 of 569)	82.5% (463 of 561)	n/a	n/a	82.9% (505 of 609)	82.5% (463 of 561)	n/a	n/a
<p>The reduction in performance during Q4 was partly due to a transfer of information onto the housing management IT system from an older database and a temporary reduction in staffing. The proportion of successful access is expected to improve significantly in the next quarter now that the systems issues and staffing resource has been resolved.</p>										

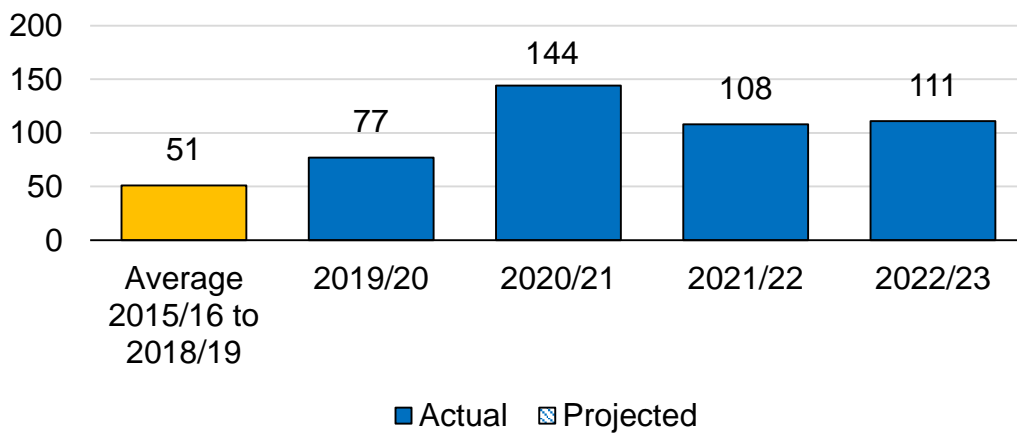
 Council housing – supply		Q3 2022/23	Q4 2022/23	2021/22	2022/23
14.1	 Additional council homes	16	56	108	111
14.2	... at Local Housing Allowance (LHA) rents	50% (8 of 16)	53% (30 of 56)	33% (36 of 108)	41% (46 of 111)
14.3	... at 37.5% Living Wage rents	31% (5 of 16)	38% (21 of 56)	39% (42 of 108)	48% (53 of 111)
14.4	... at 27.5% Living Wage rents	19% (3 of 16)	9% (5 of 56)	19% (21 of 108)	10% (11 of 111)
14.5	... at social rents	0% (0 of 0)	0% (0 of 0)	7% (8 of 108)	1% (1 of 111)
14.6	Council homes sold through the Right to Buy	8	9	48	38
Of the 38 homes sold during 2022/23, 26 were leasehold (flats) and 12 were freehold (houses).					
14.7	Net change in the number of council homes – all rent levels	+8	+47	+60	+73
14.8	Net change in the number of council homes – social and 27.5% Living Wage rent homes only	-5	-4	-19	-26
14.9	 Total council owned homes	11,772	11,819	11,746	11,819
Total council owned dwelling stock of 11,819 includes 10,769 general needs, 877 seniors housing, 38 council owned emergency accommodation, 70 council owned temporary accommodation and 65 NSAP/RSAP dwellings.					

14.10 Further information on additional council homes

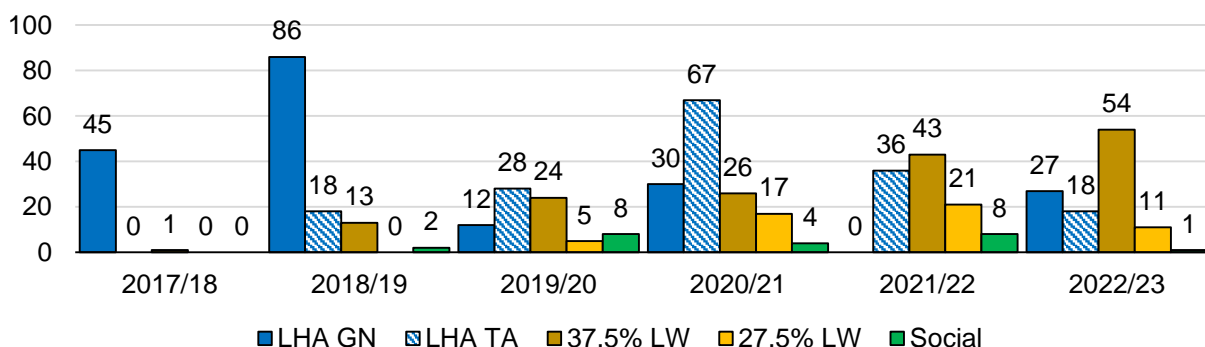
A total of **440** homes were completed between April 2019 and March 2023. This programme has been delivered during a period of unprecedented complexity due to the Covid-19 pandemic and recovery phase.

- 2019/20: 77 homes – buy backs (43 Home Purchase), Hidden Homes (6), Kensington Street (12), Tilbury Place (15) and Devon Lodge (1 lease handed back)
- 2020/21: 144 homes – buy backs (40 Home Purchase and 24 NSAP – Next Steps Accommodation Programme), Buckley Close (12), Hartington Road (38) and Hawkridge Court (30)
- 2021/22: 108 homes – buy backs (66 Home Purchase, 6 NSAP and 18 Rough Sleepers Accommodation Programme – RSAP), Hidden Homes (8) and Oxford Street (10)
- 2022/23: 111 homes – buy backs (52 general needs and 17 RSAP) and Victoria Road (42)
- There are a further 185 homes projected for completion during 2023/24 (including 173 council rented Homes for Brighton & Hove dwellings)

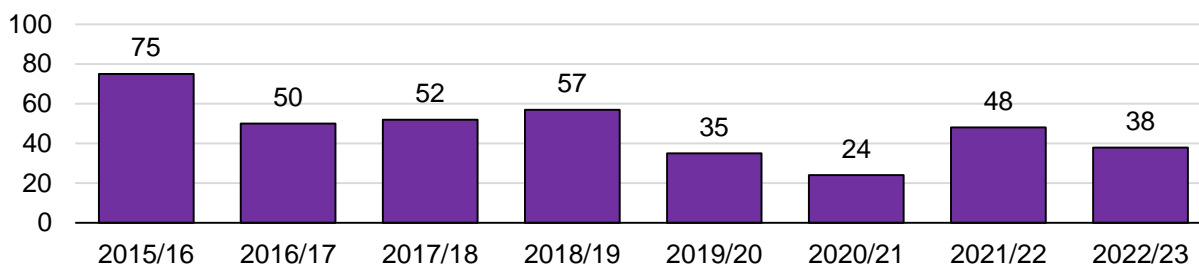
Additional council homes per year



Additional council homes by rent level



Council homes sold through the Right to Buy (RTB)

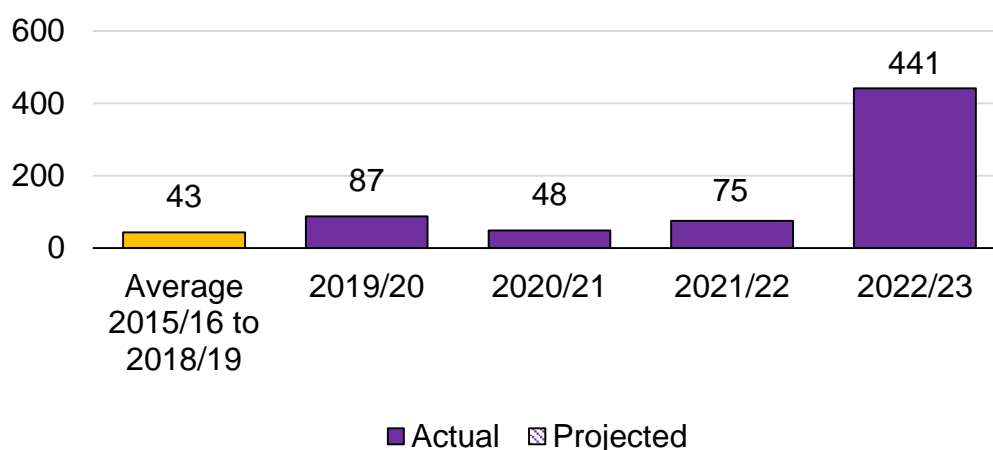


14.11 Other affordable homes

A total of **651** homes (193 rent and 458 shared ownership) were completed between April 2019 and March 2023. The total for 2022/23 (441) exceeds all previous years, and this programme has been delivered during a period of unprecedented complexity due to the Covid-19 pandemic and recovery phase.

- 2019/20: 87 homes – Montpelier Place (5), Kingsway (54) and Circus Street (28)
- 2020/21: 48 homes – Freehold Terrace (8), Plumpton Road (2), Nevill Road (4) and Preston Road (34 from two providers)
- 2021/22: 75 homes – Preston Barracks (19), Falmer Avenue (13), Hangleton Way (33) and Lions Gardens (10)
- 2022/23: 441 homes – Edward Street (33), School Road (104), Preston Barracks (67), Graham Avenue (125), Sackville Hotel (7), New Church Road (5) and King’s House (100)

Other additional homes per year



14.12 Council housing – buy backs (Home Purchase and Next Steps / Rough Sleepers accommodation)

Buy backs by application date	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Total
Total applications	5	53	88	157	158	92	553
Of which, became purchases	2	32	53	91	81	21	280
Council declined	1	13	11	16	10	8	59
Owner declined offer	1	5	12	15	14	2	49
Owner withdrew	1	3	12	34	51	19	120
Outcome pending	0	0	0	1	2	42	45

Completed buy backs by rent level	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Total
Completed purchases	1	13	43	64	90	69	280
... general needs social rent	0	0	1	4	0	1	6
... general needs 27.5% Living Wage	0	0	5	17	21	11	54
... general needs 37.5% Living Wage	1	5	24	14	43	39	126
... temporary housing at LHA rates	0	8	13	29	26	18	94







Summary of all buy backs since start of programmes, September 2017











Total purchases	Social rent	27.5% LWR	37.5% LWR	LHA rate	No. rent reserve applied	Total rent reserve applied	Net modelled subsidy (surplus) over all properties to date (£)
280*	6	54	126	94	53 **	£2.371m ***	(£0.326m)








* Of which 254 are flats (7 studio, 86 one bed, 139 two bed, 22 three beds plus) and 25 are houses (4 two bed, 21 three beds plus)

** Of the 126 purchases following Housing Committee decision to use rent reserve to keep rents as low as possible





























*** Applied up to 31 March 2023 – this leaves £0.891m to be carried forward to 2023/24 to be used against the future programme.





















 Council housing – management		Target	Q3 2022/23	Q4 2022/23	Status against target	Trend since Q3	2021/22	2022/23	Status against target	Trend since 2021/22
15.1	Corporate KPI: Rent collected as proportion of rent due (current tenants)	96.65%	94.12% (£55.3m of £58.7m)	94.02% (£55.1m of £58.6m)			95.66% (£52.3m of £54.7m)	94.02% (£55.1m of £58.6m)		
<p>The Q3 figure above is a forecast for the 2022/23 financial year and the Q4 figure is the final result for the year. The methodology excludes rent loss from empty properties and includes arrears from the end of the previous financial year. Although there was a decline in the rent collection rate of 1.64 percentage points over the course of the 2022/23 financial year, this was 1.08 during the first half and 0.56 during the latter half, so this decline has been slowing. A recovery plan is being implemented to reduce arrears and vacancies in the Income Management team are being recruited to, which should improve collection rates. The team will also be reviewing its approach to income collection, working closely with the council's corporate debt board to implement a 'training standard.'</p>										
15.2	 Tenancies on Universal Credit (UC)	Info	31% (3,572 of 11,457)	32% (3,686 of 11,466)	n/a	n/a	26% (2,933 of 11,340)	32% (3,686 of 11,466)	n/a	n/a
15.3	Tenancies on UC who are in arrears and have an Alternative Payment Arrangement (APA)	Info	42% (1,066 of 2,529)	47% (1,124 of 2,385)	n/a	n/a	51% (838 of 1,646)	47% (1,124 of 2,385)	n/a	n/a
<p>Of the 3,686 tenants on UC there were 2,385 (65%) who also had rent arrears. Of the latter, 1,124 had an APA in place (47%) whereby housing costs of UC are paid direct to the council as their landlord.</p>										
15.4	Arrears of UC tenancies as a proportion of total arrears	Info	64% (£2.2m of £3.5m)	67% (£2.3m of £3.5m)	n/a	n/a	61% (£1.4m of £2.4m)	67% (£2.3m of £3.5m)	n/a	n/a
15.5	Evictions due to rent arrears	Info	0	0	n/a	n/a	0	0	n/a	n/a
15.6	Evictions due to anti-social behaviour (ASB)	Info	0	0	n/a	n/a	2	1	n/a	n/a
15.7	New reports of ASB from victims and witnesses	Info	110	141	n/a	n/a	-	657	n/a	n/a


 Council housing – management		Target	Q3 2022/23	Q4 2022/23	Status against target	Trend since Q3	2021/22	2022/23	Status against target	Trend since 2021/22
15.8	ASB perpetrator cases opened	Info	71	86	n/a	n/a	-	428	n/a	n/a
15.9	ASB perpetrator cases closed	Info	102	67	n/a	n/a	-	449	n/a	n/a
15.10	Average days to close ASB perpetrator cases	Info	130	120	n/a	n/a	-	108	n/a	n/a
15.11	Active ASB perpetrator cases at quarter end	Info	124	136	n/a	n/a	157	136	n/a	n/a
<p>The anti-social behaviour (ASB) indicators in this section have been developed to reflect the way ASB is recorded on the housing management IT system which was newly introduced in July 2021, which includes reports from victims and witnesses as well as linked cases dealt with in relation to the perpetrators. There are often multiple victims and witnesses linked to a single perpetrator.</p>										
15.12	 Calls answered by Housing Customer Services	85%	89% (5,061 of 5,715)	89% (5,839 of 6,536)			86% (19,240 of 22,456)	87% (22,160 of 25,382)		
15.13	Tenancies sustained following difficulties (Tenancy Sustainment Team cases)	90%	95% (19 of 20)	94% (19 of 20)			95% (93 of 98)	94% (75 of 80)		

 Council housing – empty homes		Target	Q3 2022/23	Q4 2022/23	Status against target	Trend since Q3	2021/22	2022/23	Status against target	Trend since 2021/22
15.14	 Average re-let time in calendar days excluding time spent in major works	21	64	61			96	77		
<p>Re-let times have improved but are still high while recovery efforts remain underway to tackle a backlog of empty council homes, which includes many homes which have been empty for long periods of time. However, the number of re-lets during 2022/23 (560) and 2021/22 (472) were both up on 2020/21 (213) and above pre-pandemic levels seen during 2019/20 (445). Furthermore, the number of empty homes has decreased from 251 to 180 during the 2022/23 financial year. The latter figure includes 35 new dwellings at Victoria Road in Portslade which had not been let by the end of the financial year (out of a total of 42 new dwellings completed at the scheme in March 2023).</p>										
15.15	Average 'key to key' re-let time in calendar days including time spent in major works	Info	103	88	n/a	n/a	210	125	n/a	n/a
15.16	Number of previously occupied council homes re-let (general needs and seniors)	Info	126	106	n/a	n/a	472	560	n/a	n/a
15.17	Number of new council homes let for the first time (general needs and seniors)	Info	16	22	n/a	n/a	43	79	n/a	n/a
15.18	 Empty general needs and seniors council homes (includes new homes)	Info	144	180	n/a	n/a	251	180	n/a	n/a
15.19	Empty council owned temporary, NSAP and RSAP accommodation homes (includes new homes)	Info	30	22	n/a	n/a	21	22	n/a	n/a

Please note the figures for the first three indicators in the table below are provisional as there are currently issues with reporting of repairs data arising from the switchover of our main housing management IT system since the start of July 2021. At present two IT systems are being used and it is not yet possible to fully integrate reporting between them, meaning that performance data is currently being extracted and manually combined.

 Council housing – repairs and maintenance		Target	Q3 2022/23	Q4 2022/23	Status against target	Trend since Q3	2021/22	2022/23	Status against target	Trend since 2021/22
16.1	 Emergency repairs completed within 24 hours	99%	98.3% (3,431 of 3,490)	96.3% (3,181 of 3,303)			96.0% (10,611 of 11,052)	97.8% (11,377 of 11,635)		
16.2	Corporate KPI: Routine repairs completed within 28 calendar days	70%	59.0% (2,959 of 5,014)	50.2% (2,747 of 5,475)			63.5% (9,976 of 15,702)	53.3% (9,863 of 18,518)		
16.3	Average time to complete routine repairs (calendar days)	15	83	81			46	74		
<p>Routine repairs completed during 2022/23 have included jobs from a backlog built up during the previous two financial years (impacted by Covid-19 in particular during 2020/21) and due to reduced staffing levels and availability of contractors. This means that these jobs took longer than their target timescales once they were completed, as well as impacting on capacity to carry out repairs more generally. Although recruitment is challenging, additional resources continue to be recruited to Repairs & Maintenance to address the backlog of repairs and sub-contractors have been mobilised to increase capacity. There have been ten agreed additional posts which are currently being recruited to. There have also been increased pressures in this period owing to significantly higher levels of reported damp and condensation cases following the tragic Rochdale case. Repairs & Maintenance had registered 1,394 live damp and condensation cases at the end of 2022/23.</p>										
16.4	 Calls answered by Repairs Helpdesk	85%	82% (18,303 of 22,242)	78% (18,538 of 23,781)			90% (77,186 of 85,737)	85% (69,333 of 82,030)		
16.5	 Surveyed tenants satisfied with repairs: standard of work	96%	97% (456 of 470)	97% (486 of 502)			98% (1,195 of 1,218)	97% (2,321 of 2,382)		
16.6	Surveyed tenants satisfied with repairs: overall customer service	96%	97% (456 of 470)	98% (491 of 502)			99% (1,211 of 1,218)	98% (2,326 of 2,382)		

 Council housing – investment and asset management		Target	Q3 2022/23	Q4 2022/23	Status against target	Trend since Q3	2021/22	2022/23	Status against target	Trend since 2021/22
17.1	 Corporate KPI: Dwellings meeting Decent Homes Standard	100%	96.8% (10,218 of 11,772)	95.8% (11,323 of 11,819)			95.6% (11,229 of 11,746)	95.8% (11,323 of 11,819)		
There had been a lack of planned installations of new kitchens and bathrooms throughout much of 2020/21 and 2021/22 due to Covid restrictions, shortages of supplies and components. Performance is expected to improve with the Housing Committee decision to approve the appointment of up to two new contractors for kitchens and bathrooms.										
17.2	Corporate KPI: Energy efficiency rating of homes (out of 100)	72.3	74.0	74.1			68.2	74.1		
The increase between 2021/22 and 2022/23 is partly due to the procurement of new energy modelling software, which came into use for reporting this indicator during Q3 2022/23 and involved extensive updates to the underlying data in order to reflect improvements made to the council housing stock, such as boiler replacements and new windows.										
17.3	 Council properties with a valid Landlord's Gas Safety Record	100%	100% (10,104 of 10,104)	99.98% (10,108 of 10,110)			100% (10,044 of 10,044)	99.98% (10,108 of 10,110)		
The target was slightly missed because two checks were overdue on 31 March 2023.										
17.4	 Lifts restored to service within 24 hours	95%	93% (162 of 174)	92% (147 of 160)			92% (954 of 1,038)	91% (530 of 582)		
Difficulties and delays in sourcing spare parts from European supply chains remains a challenge. In response, the council and lift contractor invested £34k last financial year on critical spares and continue to add to this as and when new situations develop. Whilst this does not stop breakdowns through wear and tear we have seen reduced downtime from weeks to hours in a lot of instances.										

 Leaseholder disputes		Q3 2021/22	Q4 2022/23	2021/22	2022/23
18.1	Stage one disputes opened	9	3	17	18
18.2	Stage one disputes closed	12	4	15	20
18.3	Active stage one disputes (end quarter)	29	28	24	28
18.4	Stage two disputes opened	2	3	5	9
18.5	Stage two disputes closed	0	4	3	5
18.6	Active stage two disputes (end quarter)	8	7	3	7
18.7	Stage three disputes opened	0	0	0	1
18.8	Stage three disputes closed	0	0	1	0
18.9	Active stage three disputes (end quarter)	2	2	1	2

